### Reception Overview: Long Term Curriculum Plan 2023-2024 PLEASE See EYFS for OUR FULL CURRICULUM.

Early Years	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Foundation	All About Me!	Celebrations	What is out	Once upon a	Let's grow!	Summer's here!
Stage			there?	time		
			The same of the sa			
Area of			100	The second second		
Learning	#4 #			A F A		<b>6</b>
Themes and	Starting school	Autumn/Winter	Winter	Spring	Life cycles and growth	Summer
Interests	My new class	Colours	Animals in cold places	Traditional tales	Gardening	Seaside
Lines of Enquiry	Self Portraits	Celebrations around	Polar regions Arctic	Superheroes	Food	Transport & Journeys
and Development	My family and	the world	and Antarctica	People who help us	Minibeasts	Hot places
N.B. These themes may be	Significant People in	Halloween	Space	Significant people in	Environment	Animals in hot places
adapted at various points	children's lives.	Bonfire night	New Year	our country.	Greta Thunberg	Going on safari
to allow for children's	Who helps us in our	Guy Fawkes	Chinese New Year Explorers	Emergency Services	David Attenborough	Summer holidays- past
interests to flow through	school?	Remembrance Day	Ernest Shackleton	Ramadan	Dinosaurs	and present
the provision. Wellbeing &	Human body What am I good at?	Diwali Hibernation &	Robert Scott	Holi Easter	Mary Anning Butterfly station (from	Under the sea  Commotion in the
behaviour for learning	How do I make others	Hedgehogs	Amundsen	Florence Nightingale	caterpillar to	Ocean
	feel? Being kind and	Birds & Migration	Mathew Henson	Rosa Parks	butterfly)	The Royal family The
	staying safe.	Nativity	Felicity Aston	ROSU I UIRS	Donerny	King
	Autumn Harvest	Christmas	Neil Armstrong			The Late Queen
	Rosh Hashana	Cirisinias	Mae Jemison			Floella Benjamin
Possible Texts	First day of bug	Pumpkin Soup	Winter poems	Traditional Tales	Jack and the beanstalk,	Sharing a shell
	school, Zog goes to	The Jolly Postman /	Snow babies	Three little pigs	Jaspers Beanstalk,	Commotion in the
and 'Old	school. Owl babies	Christmas postman	Beti and the Yeti	Little Red Riding	What the ladybird	ocean
favourites'	Nursery Rhymes,	Stick man Little Red	One snowy night	Hood Little Red	heard.	Snail and the whale
Bold = Key Texts	Each Peach Pear	Hen. Bear Hunt	Whatever next	The 3 little wolves	The bad tempered ladybird The very busy	The rainbow fish
Dold Rey Texts	Plum. The Great Big	A magical muddle	How to catch a star	Goldilocks and the	spider, Yukky worms	Secrets of the
Oracy Focus	Book of families.	Meg and Mog	Night time round the	three bears	Super worm	seashore
Throughout the year	The large family	Christmas stories	world – moon	Billy Goats Gruff	The bee book	At the beach
Thi obghout the year	Funny bones	The snowman	On the moon	A first book of nature	First facts: bugs	Down at the Station
A stroll through the	The colour monster	What do you	Chinese New Year	Emergency,	The very hungry	The train ride
seasons	The mixed up	celebrate?	Round is a mooncake	Emergency	caterpillar	Meercat Mail
Tree - seasons come	chameleon Elmer	Wow Owl Don't hog	Red is a dragon	Supertato	A seed in need The Tiny seed, Seed	We are going on a lion hunt
and seasons go	A colour of his own	the hedge Winter	One is a Drummer		Song, Anansi the spider	Handa's surprise
3.	Leaf man, Autumn poems Shirley	Poems -Shirley	Polar Bear Polar Bear Poles Apart		Walters wonderful web	My granny went to
	Hughes Acorn to Oak	Hughes Firework	The Last Polar Bear		Snail Trail- journey	market
	tree	Poems	THE East FOIGI DEGI		through Modern art	Dinosaur Roar
	1166					

### Characteristics of effective learning

Learning Playing and exploring: - Children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'. Children who actively participate in their own play develop a larger store of information and experiences to draw on which positively supports their learning.

Active learning: - Children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties. They are proud of their own achievements. For children to develop into self-regulating, lifelong learners they are required to take ownership, accept challenges and learn persistence.

Creating and thinking critically: - Children develop their own ideas and make links between these ideas. They think flexibly and rationally, drawing on previous experiences which help them to solve problems and reach conclusions.

### Overarching Principles

**Unique Child:** Every child is unique and has the potential to be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured.

**Positive Relationships:** Children flourish with warm, strong & positive partnerships between all staff and parents/carers. This promotes independence across the EYFS curriculum. Children and practitioners are NOT alone – we embrace each community.

**Enabling environments:** Children learn and develop well in safe and secure environments where routines are established and where adults respond to children's individual needs and passions and help them to build upon their learning over time.

Learning and Development: Children develop and learn at different rates. We must be aware of children who need greater support than others. At Broomfield Primary we will evaluate the impact of our curriculum by measuring how effectively it helps our children develop into well-rounded individuals who embody our values and carry with them the knowledge, skills and attitudes which will make them lifelong learners and valuable future citizens.

### Communication and Language



The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

# Personal, Social and Emotional Development



Self- Regulation Managing Self Building Relationships Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development, are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

### Physical Development



Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well -being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

# Physical Development



#### **Gross Motor skills**

Develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: lining up and queuing, mealtimes, personal hygiene. **Explore Different** ways of moving with children, hopping, skipping, sidestepping, hopscotch. Provide regular reminders about handwashing and toileting.

Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills: rolling, crawling, walking, jumping, running, hopping, skipping, climbing. Crates play-climbing, hoops obstacle courses in outside area, dance related activities. Wheeled resources for children to balance, sit or ride on, pull and push. Balance/pedal bikes, wheelbarrows, prams, lawnmowers etc. Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.

Provide a wide range of activities accessible to children with varying confidence levels, skills and needs.

Dancing and moving to music.

Develop and refine a range of ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming. Develop confidence, competence, precision, and accuracy with activities that involve a ball. Opportunities to, spin, rock, tilt, fall, slide and bounce. Use picture books etc to explain the importance of the different aspects of a healthy lifestyle.

Combine different movements with ease and fluency.
Obstacle activities children moving over, under, through and around equipment.
Encourage children to be highly active and get out of breath several times every day.
Dance and moving to music.

Know and talk about different factors to support overall health and wellbeing: regular physical activity, healthy eating, tooth brushing, sensible amounts of 'screen time', having a good sleep routine, being a safe pedestrian. Races and team games Sports day practise. Allow less confident children to spend time initially observing and listening, without feeling pressured to join in.

### Fine Motor Skills

Threading
cutting
weaving
playdough
Dough Disco

Manipulate objects with good fine motor skills.
Draw lines and circles using gross motor movements.
Hold pencil/paint brush beyond whole hand grasp.
Pencil Grip.
Flipper Flapper phonics.
Dough Disco.
Snipping with scissors.

Develop muscle tone to put pencil pressure on paper. Show preference for dominant hand.

Use tools to effect changes to materials.

Engage children in structured activities: guide them in what to draw, write or copy.

Teach and model correct letter formation.

Begin to form letters correctly. Encourage children to draw freely. Handle tools, objects, construction and malleable materials with increasing control. Cut along a straight line with scissors. Holding small Items. Button clothing. Pea boards.

Fine Motor activities.
Hold pencil effectively
with comfortable grip encourage tripod grip.
Write recognisable
letters, most correctly
formed.

Fine Motor activities.

Develop pencil grip and letter formation continually.

Use one hand consistently for fine motor tasks.

Start to cut along a curved line, like a circle.

Connect mobilo, links, construction tools etc.

Form letter
Copy a

Begin to dro
lines, like in
Start to colo
lines of content to dro
that are reconsided things

Form letters correctly
Copy a square.
Begin to draw diagonal
lines, like in a triangle.
Start to colour inside the
lines of a picture.
Start to draw pictures
that are recognisable.
Build things with smaller
linking blocks, such as
Duplo or Lego.
Tripod grip.

### Literacy

It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing).

### **Mathematics**



Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

# Understanding the World



Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

## Understanding the World

The Natural World.

Past and Present.

People, culture and communities.

Talk about members of their immediate family and community.
Name and describe people who are familiar to them.
Observe and notice changes in the world around them – seasons, weather.

Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways.

Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries.

Recognise some
environments that are
different to the one in
which they live.

Understand that some
places are special to
members of their
community.

Explore the natural world around them.
Draw information from a simple map.

of familiar situations in the past. Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.

Comment on images

# Expressive Arts and Design

Creating with materials.

Being imaginative and

Expressive.

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe. Give children an insight into new musical worlds. Invite musicians in to play music to children and talk about it. Encourage children to listen attentively to music. Discuss changes and patterns as a piece of music develops.

Area of	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
	All About Me!	Celebrations	What is out	Once upon a	Let's grow!	Summer's here!
Learning			there?	time		
Literacy and Topics  The Great Big Book of Families Provided to the Provided t	Baseline Assessments Basic book skills; holding books correctly, tracking text left to right. Practising letter formation and pencil grip.  Give meaning to marks made. Self-portraits, drawing our families and writing our name. Label body parts. Describing how we feel. Identifying signs of Autumn and Autumn poems. Begin to write name, begin writing labels and captions, shopping lists, with initial sounds.	Name writing, labelling using initial sounds, story scribing. Retelling stories in writing area. Firework poems. Letter writing to fairy tale characters, Speech bubbles. Begin to write a sentence.	Polar Bear facts and Polar Bear poem, finding rhymes, changing the Polar Bear Poem. Polar animal facts. Explorer kit list. Lists of what to take into space. Guided writing based around developing short sentences in a meaningful context.	Retell parts of the story and repeated refrains. Story sequencing. Speech bubbles. Labels and captions. Wanted posters. Character descriptions, Sorry letter. Begin to write more than one idea.	Describe foods, use adjectives. Healthy Foods – My Menu. Bean Diary Creating own story maps. Writing captions and labels. Writing simple sentences. Writing short sentences to accompany a story. Retellings, writing in role. Mini beasts fact File and life cycles.	Write a postcard. Diary writing. Holiday recount. Story writing of own stories and character description. Sea creatures' fact files. train journey. Dinosaur facts. Begin to write longer sentences with multiple ideas.
Phonics Little Wandle  Daily Phonics lessons Group reading 3x per week minimum	Phase 2 satpingockck eurhbfl	ff II ss j v w x y z zz qu ch sh th ng nk words with s added at the end.	Phase 3 ai ee igh oa oo oo ar or ow oi ear ur air er words with double letters: dd mm tt bb rr gg pp ff	Review Phase 3: ai ee igh oa oo ar or ur oo ow oi ear er air Review all taught words with double letters, longer words, words with two or more digraphs	Phase 4 Short vowels CVCC CCVC CCVCC CCCVC CCCVCC longer words, compound words, root words ending in: ing, ed, t, id, est	Phase 4 Long vowel sounds CVCC CCVC CCVC CCVC CCV CCV CCV CCV CC
Assessments every half term	Tricky words: is I the	Tricky words: put* pull* full* as and has his her go no to into she push* he of we me be	Tricky words: was you they my by all are sure pure	words ending in ing words ending s es/z/s compound words words with s in the middle	Tricky words: said so have like some come love do were here little says there were when what out today	longer words root word ending in: ing, ed, t, id, d root word ending in: er, est

Maths (White Rose Maths)	Getting to know you  Match, sort and compare  Talk about measure and patterns	It's me 1, 2, 3  Circles and triangles  1, 2, 3, 4, 5  Shapes with 4 sides	Alive in 5  Mass and capacity  Growing 6, 7, 8	Length, height and time  Building 9 and 10  Explore 3-D shapes	To 20 and beyond How many now?  Manipulate, compose and decompose	Sharing and grouping Visualise, share and map Make connections
Science Understanding the world: The Natural World (Plymouth Science) Ongoing -seasonal changes	All about Me Me, my family, my body. Colours Colours of the rainbow and colour mixing.	Celebrations Seasons Autumn, Winter, Spring & Summer.	Materials Freezing and melting. Animals Habitats.	People who help us Occupations. Traditional Tales Materials for the 3 Little pigs' houses.	Keeping healthy Fitness, healthy diet, sleep, screen time, keeping clean, brushing teeth. Minibeasts and growing	Oceans Where are the oceans? Under the sea Sea creatures.
History (Kapow) Understanding the world: Past and present These activities have been designed to use at any point throughout the year to tie-in with themes/topics	Peek into the past  Activity 1: Can you guess who?  Activity 2: Past and present  Activity 3: My life timeline  Activity 4: Toy box  Activity 5: Spot the difference  Who is my family?			Adventures through time  Activity 1: Family tree  Activity 2: My achievements  Activity 3: Treasure box  Activity 4: Picture detective Activity 4: Picture detective  Activity 5: Transport through time  Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history.		
Geography (Kapow) Understanding the world: People, culture and communities Possible activities to link	Unit 2 Outdoor adventures: Using the senses to explore and describe the natural world around them whilst outside, children begin to recognise the effect of the changing seasons.  Activity 1: Nature catchers: Exploring and describing how natural objects feel, look, smell, taste and sound.  Activity 2: Observational painting: Representing how natural materials			games and creative active and think about the mear Activity 1: Pirate map bin map.	xploring maps through dis ity, children look at how for ning behind shapes, lines of ago: Identifying and locatin am above: Discussing featur	eatures are represented and colours on maps. g features on a pirate

with our topics.

These activities have been designed to use at any point throughout the year. The activities help the children to explore fictional and real maps in familiar contexts and to experience the surrounding natural environment, noticing changes in the weather and seasons over time.

Activity 2: Observational painting: Representing how natural materials appear in the world around them through painting.

Activity 3: Exploring the weather: Describing the effects of different weather conditions through experimentation.

Activity 4: Senses in nature: Using the five senses to observe and talk about natural materials through a variety of activities including sound bathing and aardenina.

Activity 5: Exploring the seasons: Noticing and investigating how weather can change with the seasons.

Activity 6: Dress the teddy: Beginning to consider how we respond to weather conditions in each season through our choice of clothes.

Know about different countries. How environments can be different.

Activity 2: Our school from above: Discussing features on an aerial photograph and choosing colours and shapes to create an aerial map of the school grounds.

Activity 3: Let's build a map! Using 3D materials to build a map of a real or imaginary place.

Activity 4: Creating journey sticks: Using directional language and mapping a journey using objects found in the school grounds.

Activity 5: Investigating maps: Exploring, comparing and asking questions about a variety of maps.

Activity 6: Map making: Making their own maps showing features in the local area.

How will I know my way around? Draw information from a simple map. Who are the people that help us? Show interest in different occupations.

Art (Possible Kapow units)  Expressive Arts and  Design  Creating with materials  Being imaginative and  Expressive  Design and (Possible  Technology Kapow  Expressive Arts units)  and Design  Creating with materials  Being imaginative and  Expressive	Drawing Marvellous Marks Autumn craft - Autumn wreath Christmas craft -Salt dough decorations  Structures: Junk modelling Cooking and nutrition — make pumpkin soup and hedgehog bread.  Seasonal projects Ongoing Skills- Using scissors Cutting and sticking. Joining techniques		Painting and mixed media Paint my world Winter craft -Threaded snowflakes Spring craft -Suncatchers Seasonal projects Igloo Art Easter craft -Egg threading Textiles: Bookmarks Seasonal projects CNY crafts- Make a Chinese Lantern, concertina dragon puppet.		Sculpture and 3D Creation station Summer craft -Salt painting  Structures: Boats Seasonal projects	
Music Charanga Expressive Arts and Design Being imaginative and Expressive	Me! Listen and Respond Our house- Madness Pat-a-cake 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Once I Caught a Fish Alive This Old Man Five Little Ducks Name Song Things for Fingers	My stories Spiderman – Michael Bublé I'm A Little Teapot The Grand Old Duke of York Ring O' Roses Hickory Dickory Dock Not Too Difficult The ABC Song	Everyone Horn concerto No 4 Mozart Wind the Bobbin Up Rock-a-bye Baby Five Little Monkeys Jumping on The Bed Twinkle, Twinkle If You're Happy and You Know It Head, Shoulders	Our world Listen and respondsinging in the rain. Old Macdonald Incy Wincy Spider Baa, Baa Black Sheep Row, Row, Row Your Boat The Wheels on The Bus	Big Bear Funk Appraise Big Bear Funk Row, Row, Row Your Boat The Hokey Cokey Share and perform Big Bear Funk	Reflect, Rewind & Replay: I know an old lady Zappy mends the roof Understanding rhythm Number crunchers Moving on Know percussion instruments.
Physical Education (RealPE)	Personal Cog Invasion Games Following instructions. Moving safely. Moving into a space. Coordination skills. Cooperation games i.e. parachute games, tig.	Social Cog Invasion Games Taking turns and sharing. Working sensibly with others. Jumping and landing. Ball skills- throwing and catching with a partner.	Cognitive Cog Gymnastics Following simple instructions. Understand and follow simple rules. Exploring and describing different movements. Core strength and balancing. Shapes: star, tuck, straight, pike, straddle. Moving fast and slow. Jumping and landing safely. Low apparatus. Creating and performing small routines.	Creative Cog Net wall Understand and follow simple rules, name some things I am good at. Explore and describe different movements, observe and copy others. Object manipulation. Handling equipment. Sending and receiving skills. Ready position. Overarm and underarm.	Physical Cog Athletics Move confidently in different ways. Perform a single skill or movement with some control, link two movements together. Track and field skills. Running, jumping, sprinting. Jumping low and high. Throwing- balls, howlers, frisbee, chest push.	Health and Fitness Cog Striking and fielding Be aware of why exercise is important for good health. Be aware of the changes I feel when I exercise. Sending, receiving and striking skills accuracy and power. Using different balls and objects. Teamwork for communication, planning, tactics, formation.

Computing Possible Kapow units Introduced as appropriate and accessed through continuous provision	Using a camera or iPad to take photographs. Use the interactive whiteboard for games and mark making.	Unit 1: Networks and Systems: Using a computer.  Main focus: Using a mouse and keyboard.  Learning how to log onto a computer or iPad.  Internet safety	Continuing to build independence when logging onto a computer or iPad. Using a mouse and keyboard.  Unit 4: Programming: Programming  Main focus: Using a Bee-Bot to give or follow simple instructions.  Internet safety
PHSE Personal, Social, Health Education PSED/UTW (Possible Kapow units)	Self-Regulation: My feelings Building relationships: Special relationships	Managing self: Taking on challenges Self-regulation: Listening and following instructions	Building relationships: My family and friends  Managing self: My wellbeing
RE (North Yorkshire syllabus) UTW People, culture and Communities	F1 What times/stories are special and why? F2 Which people are special and why? Article 14: You have the right to choose your own religion and beliefs.	F3 What places are special and why? F4 Which times are special and why?	F5 Where do we belong? F6 What is special about our world?
Equality & Diversity	•	ships. Diversity Week. Literacy links. PSHE link — e e rights, no matter who they are. No child should b	·
Parent Partnership	Welcome meeting. Phonics evening. Evidence Me involvement. Class dojo communication. What is my child learning? Curriculum Newsletter. Parent /teacher consultations. Written reports. Open afternoon. Nativity.	Open afternoon. Parent / teacher consultations. Written reports. What is my child learning? Curriculum Newsletter. Class dojo communication.	Nursery Visits.  New starter meeting.  Transition days.  Parent / child lunch.  Family open afternoon.  Sports Day.  Parent / teacher consultations.  Written reports.  Curriculum Newsletter.
Curriculum Enrichments (Please note activities do change based on our topics.)	Meet our Y6 buddies.  Autumn Welly Walk.  Write/Post a letter.  Make Pumpkin soup. Harvest  Make bread – Little Red Hen.  Whole school Pantomime visit (every 2 years)  Christmas Party and games.  Make Christmas items to sell at our Christmas  Fair.  Take part in Class Nativity for parents.  World Children's Day  Celebrating Children's Rights.	Time with our Y6 buddies. Winter Welly Walk around the school grounds. Visitors in – People who help us. Fire Brigade. Judo. World Book Day Skip to Be Fit. Library visit. Science Week Eco-schools Poster competition – Switch it Off!	Library visit — Summer reading challenge School Trip. Balance Bikes. Visit/make a garden centre. Sports Day. Picnic. Online Safety Week